

Family *Emergency Preparedness* Plan Workbook



Family name: _____

Home telephone number: _____

Date prepared: _____ Next review date: _____

Family Emergency Preparedness Plan Workbook



Five Steps to Disaster Planning

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This Family Emergency Preparedness Plan – Workbook is designed in conjunction with the FEMA “Are You Ready” guidebook. Visit FEMA at <http://www.fema.gov/areyouready/>.

STEP 1: Be Informed

Community Warning Signals

Learn about your community’s warning signals; what do they sound like, what should you do when you hear them, or any special signals that family members should know about (i.e. flashing light alert, ASL emergency message, vibration)?

List the type of signal(s) below and explain what to do, and when or why it would be activated.

Type/description of signal:	
What to do:	
When/Why it’s activated:	

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When/Why it’s activated:	

Local Emergency Stations

Know the types & locations of emergency stations or other alert messages that you will tune to or call in an emergency. List emergency radio and/or television stations, TDD/TTY numbers, or other alert notifications below.

Name/description	Station or phone#

Other Emergency Plans

Identify and learn other emergency plans that may affect your life. This includes work, schools, daycares or other places you frequent. Keep a copy of each plan with this family preparedness plan. If there is not an emergency plan, volunteer to help create one.

Work – Emergency Plan Available? Y or N

Is anyone in the household required to report to work? Y or N

If Y, list who, when and where: _____

School/Daycare – Emergency Plan Available? Y or N

Who can pick up your children: _____

Is the school/daycare list updated to who can pick-up
your children Y or N

Where is their offsite evacuation location(s)?

Other: _____ - Plan Available? Y or N

STEP 2: Make a Plan

Disasters – What Could Happen?

It's important to know the types of disasters that can occur in your community or household. Below are some common disasters and a place for you to add others that may occur in your area. Sit down with your social network (family, friends, neighbors) to identify your primary response/action (where you will go, who needs to be contacted, how you will get there, or what you will do) and record that below.

Fire	
Ice Storm/Winter	
Power Outage	
Flood	
Tornado	
Communicable Disease (this may require staying at home for up to 10 days)	
Other:	

Outside Reunion Location

Disaster Supply Kit 

Codeword for Kids

Choose a code word to use with children if you must send someone else to pick them up. Be sure to quiz them frequently!

Codeword	
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Meeting Places

Choose two places to meet: 1.) just outside of your home and 2.) just outside your neighborhood. Also, include a location where the family may leave notes if evacuated and contact cannot be made by phone.

Meeting Place – Outside Home	
Meeting Place – Outside Neighborhood	
Location for Notes	

Include names, relationship (mother/child/neighbor/home health aide), contact information and roles/duties for each person in your social network.

Name/Relationship	Contact Information (list 2 or more #'s if possible)	Role/duty during an emergency

Be specific on roles/duties: include things like who will take care of the family if someone is away/at work; who is able to provide transportation; who will check on the family during a power outage; who will provide shelter to the family if the house is damaged.

Out-of-State Social Network

Ask a friend or relative who does not live in the area/state to be your “out-of-area” contact. Many times during disasters, in-state telephone lines and cellular networks are down or jammed. There is a better chance of your message getting through if you call or text the message to a long distance number.

Family members should memorize this number and call if ever separated during an emergency to locate a meeting place and time. List the contact and phone number below:

Name/Relationship	Phone Number

Animal Care

Identify locations that are able to shelter or house animals after an event. This can include hotels, kennels, farms, or friends/family.

Location	Address & Phone Number

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General Emergency Numbers

Agency/Service	Number
Emergency	911
Information/Assistance	211 and/or 411
Nearest Hospital (include name & address):	
Nearest Fire Dept (include address):	
Nearest Police Dept (include address):	
Oklahoma Poison Control Center	800-222-1222
Other:	
Other:	

STEP 4: Get a Kit

Go-Kit

A Go-Kit is a portable disaster kit that is easy to grab if you have to evacuate your home quickly.

- Copy of this plan (names of family and pets)
- Identification card with picture
- Important documents (stored in water tight portable container i.e. Ziploc baggie)
 - Wills
 - Insurance policies
 - Contracts and deeds
 - Stocks/bonds
 - Birth certificates
 - Electric bill
 - Passports, social security cards
 - Inventory or digital record of valuable items
- Cash/Credit Card (note: ATMs will not work in power outages)
- List of daily/maintenance medications
- Change of clothes for each person
- Snacks
- Bottle of water for each member (including pets)
- Medical equipment if possible (if you enter a shelter notify the shelter manager of your need for medical equipment)



Basic Disaster Kit

This kit is larger than a Go-Kit (or Go-Bag) and has **nine** essential basics that should be stored in your home. Your Go-Kit can be kept close by to compliment this kit.

1. Water

- One gallon of water per person, per day
- Canned vegetables, fruits, juices and meats may also supply a source of water as well as nourishment if needed
- Purifying agent – household bleach

How to Store Water . . .

Use only thoroughly washed plastic, fiberglass or enamel-lined metal containers (i.e. soft drink bottles or food-grade plastic buckets or drums). Never use a container that held toxic substances. Seal tightly, label and date them, and store in a cool, dark place.

2. Food

- Non-perishable, compact, ready-to-eat
- Stress foods – sugar cookies, hard candy
- Smoked or dried meats – beef jerky
- High energy foods – peanut butter, trail mix, nuts



3. Medications

- Prescriptions (at least a one week supply)
- Over-the-Counter Medications (stored in a basic emergency first-aid kit)
 - Tylenol or ibuprofen
 - Antacid, laxative or anti-diarrheal
 - Antihistamine/allergy pills and lotions
 - Hydrogen Peroxide and antibacterial ointments

4. Basic Emergency First-Aid Kit (keep a separate one in your car too)

- Sterile adhesive bandages, band-aids, gauze pads, or triangle bandages
- Tweezers, scissors, razor blades, safety pins, and needle (sewing type)
- Surgical gloves
- Surgical masks
- Non-breakable thermometer
- First-aid guide
- Moistened towelettes and cleansing agent (soap or alcohol gel)
- Antiseptic spray or ointment



5. Tools & Supplies

- Eating utensils/plates/cups
- Battery operated or hand-crank radio (with extra batteries)
- Baggies/aluminum foil
- Manual can opener
- Flashlight
- Whistle or noise maker
- Utility knife



- Paper/pencil
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6. Sanitation Items

- Toothbrush/toothpaste
- Hairbrush & hair ties
- Toilet paper
- Soap/personal hygiene/hand sanitizer
- Feminine products
- Contact lenses & supplies

To make an emergency toilette, place a plastic garbage bag inside a 5-gallon plastic bucket. Place a small amount of bleach in the plastic bag and cover tightly after each use. After several uses, change to a new bag. Bags should then be placed in another bag until they can be disposed of properly.

7. Clothing & Bedding

- One complete change of clothes for all
 - Blankets
 - Rain gear
 - Sunglasses
 - Hat and gloves
 - Thermal underwear
-

8. Specialized Items

- Entertainment
 - Games
 - Toys
 - Crossword puzzles
- Baby needs
 - Bottles & formula
 - Diapers & wipes
- Functional needs items (see “Specialized Kit Items for Those with Functional Needs” section below)
- Pet items (see “Pet Kit” section below)



9. Important Family Documents – see list of important documents in the Go-Kit section above

Specialized Kit Items for Those with Functional Needs

- Emergency Card – list of key phrases you think someone who is helping you should know:
 - I cannot read
 - I communicate using an assistive communication device
 - Please speak slowly and/or use simple language
 - I forget easily or cannot hear, please write down information for me
 - I need an interpreter (include type of interpreter)
 - I use a medical assistance device (list type and frequency of use)
 - I have a condition that requires me to use a respirator or life support equipment
- Spare set of eyeglasses
- Extra hearing aid with batteries (remember to rotate out batteries)
- Denture needs

Pet Kit

- Collar, Leash, Harness
- Pet Toys
- Crate

Note - Emergency Shelters may be able to provide animal care supplies for long durations of stay.

STEP 5: Put Your Plan Into Action

List of Action Steps

- Sit down with your social network and review the entire plan
- Conduct a Home Hazard Analysis to identify types of disasters in and around your home then update this plan
- Post emergency telephone numbers by phones
- Teach children how and when to call 911
- Keep at least one phone that is not cordless to use during a power outage
- Maintain and rotate an extra supply of daily medications
- Practice with family members how and when to turn off the water, gas heating, cooling systems, and electricity at the main switches
- Inventory and/or video tape valuable items (be sure to keep a copy in a safe place outside your home as well)
- Check for adequate insurance coverage (flood, fire, earthquake)
- Talk to neighbors and include them in your social network
 - See if there are neighbors that need your assistance as well
- Always keep enough gas in your car to evacuate
- Take a basic first aid and CPR class
- Volunteer with local groups to prepare and assist with emergency response

Practice and Maintain Your Plan

Review your plans every six months so everyone remembers what to do. Be sure to write the date each time the plan is reviewed and updated so you know you have the most recent copy.

- Review and update phone numbers in Step Three: Identify Your Social Network.
- Conduct a fire drill.
- Conduct a “shelter-in-place” drill.
- Test and recharge fire extinguishers
- Test and replace batteries in smoke detectors (clean out dust).
- Replace and rotate emergency water, food, and medications.

A good reminder to update plans, food and medications is when you reset your clocks in the spring and fall.

